



~~SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY~~

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

50X1-HUM

- 2 -

2. The figures for the total number of employees in the industry in 1950 - 1951 are as follows:

September 1950	138,526
November 1950	139,520
January 1951	115,969
April 1951	115,550
June 1951	110,579*

3. The decrease in the numbers of workers employed is the result of the campaign to conserve labor, and the workers thus released have now been employed in coal mining, building, etc., or have been called into the Army. The iron and steel works now have no labor available for such work as the unloading of carloads of ore, etc., and hundreds of railroad cars are held up waiting to be unloaded. At Bobrek, for example, there were 730 cars waiting to be unloaded on 8 June 1951; only 100 cars can be handled daily.
4. A milling machine operator working 3 machines at the Tygmont factory earns approximately 750 zl. per month.

\* Comment: There is a discrepancy of about 3,000 in the figures shown in paragraph 1. and those for 1 June quoted in paragraph 2.

50X1-HUM

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~~~SECRET/CONTROL - U.S. OFFICIALS ONLY~~